

Due: Tuesday, September 25, 11:59 PM

PLEASE report all bug reports, comments, gripes etc. to Matt: choptuik@physics.ubc.ca

Please make careful note of the following information and instructions, which will generally apply to subsequent homeworks as well:

1. There are 5 problems in this homework, most of which have multiple parts.
2. Please do *not* be put off / terrified etc. by the length of this homework handout, including this preamble. As previous students of my computational physics courses can attest, I tend to spell things out in gory detail, so there really isn't as much work to do as it might seem.
3. As we will discuss in the second lab, I have created directories for all of you of the form `/phys210/$LOGNAME`, where `$LOGNAME` is the name of your PHAS account.
4. Within `/phys210/$LOGNAME`, I have also created sub-directories `hw1`, `hw2`, `hw3` and `hw4` which you will use to complete the four homework assignments in this course. In particular, for this assignment, you will create various directories and files that will need to reside within `/phys210/$LOGNAME/hw1`, and any reference to directory `hw1` below is implicitly a reference to `/phys210/$LOGNAME/hw1`.
5. The `hw[1-4]` sub-directories are *read*, *write* and *execute* protected from other users. *Please do NOT change the permissions on those sub-directories. This will ensure that none of your fellow students—or anyone else except myself and the TAs—can access your homework.*
6. Follow the instructions that accompany every question very carefully. Attention to detail is an important aspect of computational science, as is the ability to work precisely to specifications. Pay special attention to the name of files that you are to create, and to the ultimate locations (i.e. directories) in which they are to reside.
7. At least for this assignment you should be prepared to do your work using the lab machines. If you have Linux or a `ssh`-client installed on one of your own machines (or are able to get either/both installed in time), then you may be able to complete some of the work outside of the lab.
8. As you complete this homework, you will need to access (and perhaps make copies of) various files/directories that reside in the account `phys210` on the lab machines. Recall that `~phys210` is a reference to the home directory for `phys210`, and you should have the appropriate access (permissions) for any of the needed files/directories. Let me know ASAP if you find that this is not the case.
9. Your grade *may* be adversely affected if you do not strictly follow the above instructions, in addition to those given in the individual problems below: we will be willing to give you a little leeway at the beginning of the course, but will tend to be less and less forgiving as time goes on!
10. Note that the marking scheme (i.e. how much each question is worth) has purposefully *not* been included here. This homework will give the TAs and myself vital information concerning what we should expect from the class as a whole, and I don't want to unnecessarily discourage anyone at this stage. This means, for example, that questions that seem to you to be more difficult than others will not necessarily be worth more.
11. **IMPORTANT!!** Feel free to contact me (choptuik@physics.ubc.ca) *immediately* should you have any questions about these instructions, or if you are having undue difficulty with any part of the homework. And again, you are free to seek help during the lab sessions from both the TAs and myself, as well as from myself during my official office hours (1:00-2:00 PM, Mon & Wed), or on a drop-in/appointment basis. Bear in mind though, that as much as possible, we of course want to encourage you to “think and do for yourself”!

**Problem 1a:**

In your `hw1` directory (i.e. `/phys210/$LOGNAME/hw1`), create a sub-directory `a1` (i.e. `/phys210/$LOGNAME/hw1/a1`). In that directory (`hw1/a1`), and using the Unix/Linux text-editor that you have chosen from the list discussed in class (i.e. `gedit`, `gvim`, `xemacs`, `vi/vim` or `emacs`), create a file named `apple` that contains the following text from *Gravitation*, by Misner, Thorne and Wheeler. Try to duplicate the spacing, line breaks, punctuation etc. as closely as possible.

Once upon a time a student lay in a garden under an apple tree reflecting on the difference between Einstein's and Newton's views about gravity. He was startled by the fall of an apple nearby. As he looked at the apple, he noticed ants beginning to run along its surface. His curiosity aroused, he thought to investigate the principles of navigation followed by an ant. With his magnifying glass, he noted one track carefully, and, taking his knife, made a cut in the apple skin one mm above the track and another cut one mm below it. He peeled off the resulting little highway of skin and laid it out on the face of his book. The track ran as straight as a laser beam along this highway. No more economical path could the ant have found to cover the ten cm from start to end of that strip of skin. Any zigs and zags or even any smooth bend in the path on its way along the apple peel from starting point to end point would have increased its length.

“What a beautiful geodesic”, the student commented.

**Problem 1b:** Create a file in the same directory (`hw1/a1`), called `kumquat` that is identical to `apple` except that all occurrences of the word “apple” are replaced with “kumquat”. Leave a brief note in a file called `README` (again in the same directory) that describes how you created `kumquat` (including which editor that you have used) and how you made the changes.

**Problem 2:** I have created directories for each of you that you may use to “publish” Web pages (related to this course) via my research group’s web server (<http://laplace.physics.ubc.ca>). Your personal Web directory on the server (which I’ll subsequently refer to simply as your Web directory) is `/phys210/$LOGNAME/public.html`, and in that directory you will find a text file `index.html` which currently should contain the name of your account (i.e. the text `$LOGNAME`, and nothing else).

I have also created a “template” homepage in `/phys210/phys210/public_html/index.html`, and which you can view using a browser by going to <http://laplace.physics.ubc.ca/Students/phys210/>.

To complete the problem, do the following:

- Copy this template `.html` file into your Web directory (use the same name—`index.html`—so you will overwrite the existing `index.html`) and modify it to reflect your name, academic address (or home address if you so wish), phone-number etc. You can use a Web authoring tool (such as the `composer` component of the `seamonkey` browser), or should you want to write the HTML “by hand”, use your text editor of choice. If you want to pursue the latter option, then you may find the information accessible through the *Web Authoring* section of the *Online Course Resources* page to be of use. If you don’t feel like publishing any specific piece of information, specify it as “unlisted”. Below the horizontal rule (line) in the template file, delete the existing text, and add suitably labelled links to (a) the course home page and (b) the instructor’s home page.
- Now, choose a topic in physics or astronomy of current or ongoing interest and insert a one or two paragraph summary of it below the links. You can find a list of suggested topics at

<http://laplace.physics.ubc.ca/210/hw1/>

(which you can also access via the course homework page). You are, however, free to choose your own subject but, again, it should be something topical.

- In addition, below your synopsis, provide 5 links to supplementary information on the topic including, if you really must, a Wikipedia entry. (but you are encouraged to be more imaginative!)
- Finally, check your work by verifying that you can view your creation by directing your browser to our main course page, selecting *Student Pages* and then your name. Also, please send me e-mail should the way I have listed your name in the *Student Pages* list need changing.

**Problem 3:** Make the directory `hw1/a3`, and in that directory, create a file called `stripped` whose contents are identical to `~phys210/hw1/prob3/input` except that all lines that have a ‘c’ or ‘C’ in the first column have been removed. Leave a brief note in `hw1/a3/README` that describes how you solved the problem. Also, how many lines were removed from `input`, and how did you figure that out? Again, answer in `hw1/a3/README`.

*Hint: The first part of this problem can be done quite easily with `grep`.*

**Problem 4:** Make the directory `hw1/a4`. From the system file `/usr/share/dict/words` that we discussed in class, I have created the file `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words`. The file contains a list of “words” (mostly genuine English words—for the purposes of this question, any entry in the file will be deemed a “word”), one per line. Also, note that “alphabetical” below means “in the same order as the entries appear in the file”.

- How many words does `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` contain? Answer in `hw1/a4/README`.

In `hw1/a4` create files with names and contents per the list below (words should appear one per line).

Use only the basic features of `grep` described in the Unix notes (i.e. don’t use any of the extended features that are available in some versions of `grep`, including the one on the lab machines).

Also note that some of the problems below can be solved with a single `grep` command. For others, it may be useful to consider using a pipeline.

- `7letter` that contains an alphabetical list of all the seven-character (seven-letter) words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` that do *not* begin with a vowel. Define the set of vowels to be ‘a’, ‘A’, ‘e’, ‘E’, ‘i’, ‘I’, ‘o’, ‘O’, ‘u’, ‘U’, ‘y’ and ‘Y’.
- `14letter` that contains an alphabetical list of all the fourteen-character words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` that do *not* contain ‘e’, ‘E’, ‘u’ or ‘U’.
- `rab` that contains all the words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` that begin with ‘ab’ in *reverse* alphabetical order. Define the set of consonants to be anything other than ‘a’, ‘A’, ‘e’, ‘E’, ‘i’, ‘I’, ‘o’, ‘O’, ‘u’, ‘U’, ‘y’ or ‘Y’. (*Hint:* Use the Unix `sort` command.)
- `6vowels` which contains an alphabetical list of all the words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` which contain all six of the *lower case* vowels ‘a’, ‘e’, ‘i’, ‘o’, ‘u’ and ‘y’ (Any of the vowels may occur more than once, and can appear in the word in any order).
- `4cons` that contains an alphabetical list of all the words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` which contain 4 or more *consecutive* consonants. Define the set of consonants to be anything other than ‘a’, ‘A’, ‘e’, ‘E’, ‘i’, ‘I’, ‘o’, ‘O’, ‘u’, ‘U’, ‘y’ or ‘Y’.

Leave comments in `~/hw1/a4/README` which describe how you solved each problem.

**NOTE/WARNING!** The following sub-question is more challenging, and therefore strictly **optional**. You will *not* be penalized for not answering it, but will receive extra credit (even if you do perfectly in the remainder of the assignment) if you *do* solve it! In `hw1/a4` create a file as follows:

- `3vowels` which contains an alphabetical list of all the words in `~phys210/hw1/prob4/words` which contain *precisely* 3 of the lower case vowels ‘a’, ‘e’, ‘i’, ‘o’, ‘u’ and ‘y’. Individual vowels *can* be repeated.

Leave comments in `hw1/a4/README` which describe how you solved the problem.

**Problem 5:** Make the directory `hw1/a5`. Use the plotting program `gnuplot` (available on the lab machines, and installable on any Linux system) to produce a plot of

$$6 \sin(2x) \sin(3x) - 1 \quad \text{for} \quad 0 \leq x \leq 4$$

Save your plot as the Postscript file `plot.ps` in the directory `hw1/a5`. *Hint:* Use `gnuplot`’s extensive on-line help: you may find `help plot`, `help postscript` and `help output` especially useful. There is also reference and tutorial material on `gnuplot` available via the *Graphing (XY plots)* section of the *Online Course Resources* web page.

Note that you can view a Postscript file in several ways on the lab machines, including using the `evince` or `okular` commands, supplying the filename as an argument in both cases.